

Ashfield Junior School
Year 3 Home Learning Tasks
Summer 2 Term Week 3

Thursday 18th June

English

Daily Practice:
Spellingframe

Chapter 23

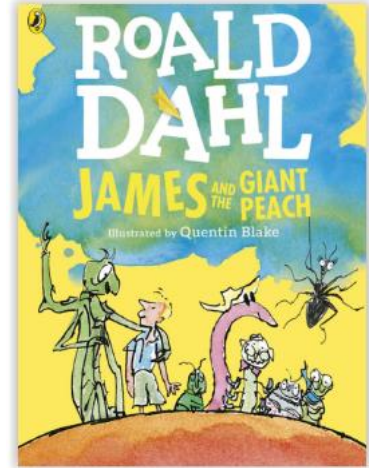
Read chapter 23

Youtube: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gFoYBO5ZFwo>
(1:22:26)

Can you remember?

Check your understanding with these questions.

- 1) How do the creatures celebrate their flight?
- 2) Why is James worried about the peach?
- 3) What sort of condition did Miss Spider find the underside of the peach in?
- 4) Why were the sharks not able to do much damage to the peach?
- 5) Why, do you think, did the crew of the ship not believe the captain?



Punctuation

Can you remember what a contraction is?

A **contraction** is a word that has been shortened from combining two bigger words. An apostrophe is a punctuation mark used in the place of letters taken out of a word.

Complete the matching task below.

★ Contractions:		Name _____
Draw a Line to the Match		
I am	isn't	
do not	haven't	
I will	we'll	
we have	don't	
you are	I'll	
is not	shouldn't	
she will	you're	
let us	she'll	
should not	I've	
could not	let's	
have not	I'm	
we will	couldn't	
I have	we've	

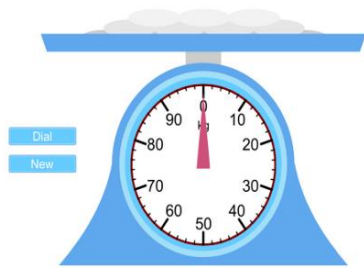
Challenge

Imagine you were on the ship when the giant peach flew by. Write a postcard to your friend about it and include some contractions.



Maths: Mass & Capacity

Daily Practice: TTrockstars



<https://www.teacherled.com/iresources/scales/mass/>



<https://mathsframe.co.uk/en/resources/resource/87/itp-measuring-scales>

<https://www.ictgames.com/mobilePage/mostlyPostie/index.html>



Measure Mass (1)

Notes and Guidance

Children learn how to read a range of scales to measure mass, including scales with missing intervals. In this step, children read scales in either kilograms or grams.

Use kilogram and gram weights to reinforce the difference in the units. Represent the intervals on the scale on a straight number line to highlight the link back to place value.

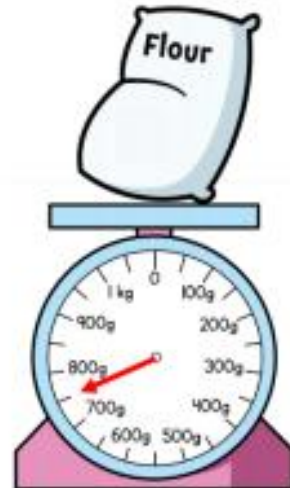
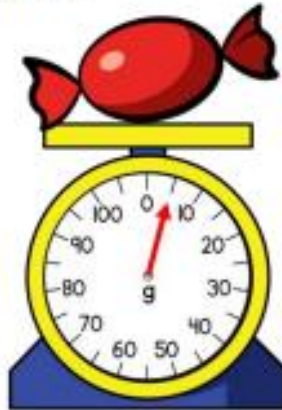
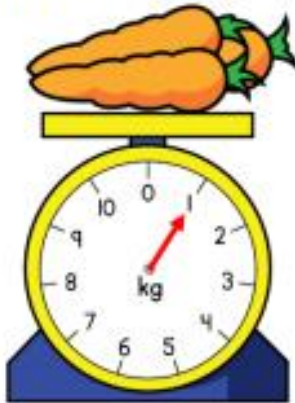
Mathematical Talk

How can we measure the mass of an object?

When would we use kilograms or grams to measure the mass of something?

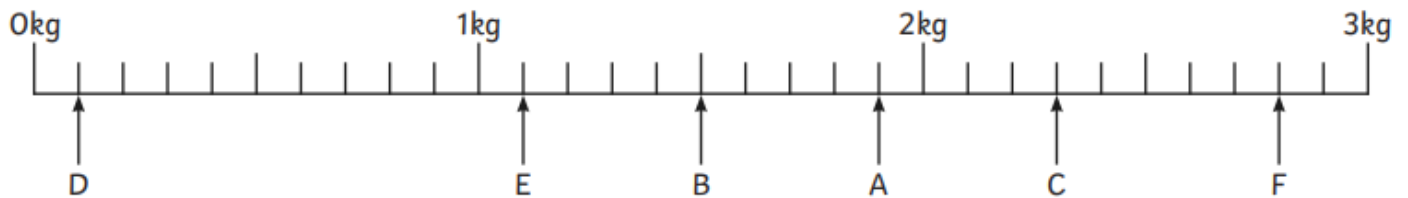
What's the same, what's different about the scales?

Find the mass of each item.



- 1) For each scale, write the mass that is shown by each arrow in kg and g.
The first one has been done for you.

Scale 1:

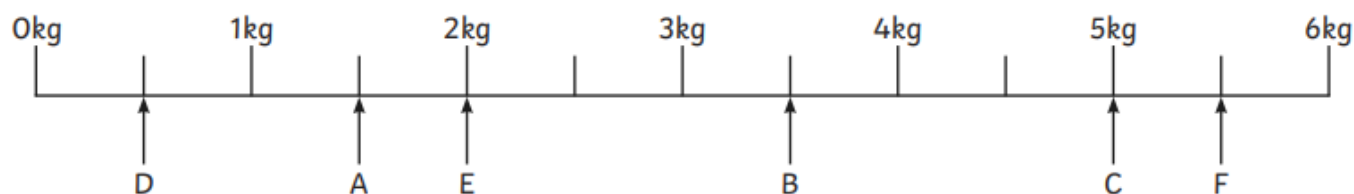


Hint: There are 10 increments between 0 and 1kg (1000g).
Each increment is worth $1000g \div 10 = 100g$.

Arrows are pointing to:

A) <i>1kg 900g</i>	D)
B)	E)
C)	F)

Scale 2:



Hint: There are 2 increments between 0 and 1kg (1000g).

Each increment is worth $1000\text{g} \div 2 = 500\text{g}$.

Arrows are pointing to:

A)	D)
B)	E)
C)	F)



2) Choose 4 objects, estimate their mass, then use scales to weigh them in kg and g.

Object	Estimate	Actual Mass

'Sunflowers' by Vincent Van Gogh

Background Information

This painting called 'Sunflowers' was painted by Van Gogh in the late 1880s in the Netherlands. He used oil paint on canvas to create it. It measures 71cm in width and 92cm in height. This is one of the sunflower paintings Van Gogh created as part of a series. He painted this one for his friend Paul Gauguin who was coming to visit him. Nowadays, they are some of his most famous works but when he was alive they were never sold.

Take a look at the following labels. Link them to the correct part of the painting using the clues given. Draw a line from each one to the relevant part of the painting.

The artist used a definite outline to make the shape of the vase.

There are ridges of paint left behind by the brush Van Gogh used.

Van Gogh signed his name on the vase.



The artist used a pale grey-blue background to offset the vivid yellow flowers in the vase.

Some flowers are starting to wither and are drooping over.

Van Gogh used a method called impasto. This is where he applied thick layers of paint which left many bumps on the painting's surface.

Create your own sunflower picture, collage or painting